

Secure Schemata: What No One is Telling You

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Barry Johnson

~~BJohnson@WorldBank.Org~~

info@datademythed.com

~~WORLD BANK~~

~~Washington DC~~

“Conventional Wisdom”

- DML Triggers
- Password-protected Roles
- Password Management
- Virtual Private Data Bases
- Audit Trail
- DBMS_Obfuscation
- Advanced Security Option
 - “... additional security features...” !?

What's Wrong With “Conventional Wisdom”?

- “Synergistic wrappers” are only “speed bumps”!
Security must be part of the basic design
- Ignores changes to Oracle’s architecture
- Ignores security requirements
No shared authentication – **DBAs included**
Capture “fingerprints” of who does what
- Assumes security can be **added**
It can’t!

Schema: Definition

"A *schema* is a security domain that can contain database objects ... *unique schemas* [sic] do not allow connections to the database ..."

Oracle9i Application Developer's Guide – Fundamentals (9.0.1)
Ch. 11: Database Security Overview for Application Developers

User vs. Schema

- User
 - Maybe defined outside the data base
 - Single, maybe-external authentication
 - Schema
 - Owens objects
 - No** CREATE SESSION privilege
 - “Locked down” as hard as possible!
- Bug:** loadjava’s –schema ignored by –resolve
- > **Workarounds:** connect as owning Schema; or ALTER JAVA ... RESOLVE later

Resource-limitting Profile

```
CREATE PROFILE Schema__Profile LIMIT
  COMPOSITE_LIMIT          1
  CONNECT_TIME             1 -- Unit: Minutes
  CPU_PER_CALL             1 -- Unit: 0.01sec!
  CPU_PER_SESSION         1 -- Unit: 0.01sec!
  IDLE_TIME                1 -- Unit: Minutes
  LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL  1
  LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION 1
  SESSIONS_PER_USER        1
  FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS    1

  PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME      0
  PASSWORD_LIFETIME        0
  PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME       999999
  PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX       999999
  PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME      UNLIMITED ;
```

Schema Creation

```
CREATE USER <schema>
  IDENTIFIED BY VALUES 'Schema: Locked'
  PROFILE Schema__Profile
  ACCOUNT LOCK
  PASSWORD EXPIRE
  DEFAULT TABLESPACE <schema default>
  QUOTA UNLIMITED ON <schema default>
  TEMPORARY TABLESPACE <instance default>;
```

Schema Administration

- Two approaches:
 - Direct: GRANT "ANY" privileges
 - Indirect: *<schema>*-owned procedures
- Probably use both
 - Use former until latter equivalents implemented?
 - Some things *require* the latter

Schema Administration: Direct Privileges

- GRANT CREATE TABLE ON *<Schema>* TO ... ;
... we wish! Try again ...
- GRANT CREATE ANY TABLE TO ... ;
I.e., omnipotent ...
- *<Schema Admin>* ROLE to limit use ...
... including getting the "ANY" privileges

Limiting Privileges: Schema Trigger - NOT

```
CREATE TRIGGER <Schema>.Schema__Role__Check
BEFORE DDL ON <Schema>.SCHEMA
BEGIN
IF NOT DBMS_Session.Is_Role_Enabled(
    '<Schema Admin>' ) THEN
    ... abort surreptitiously!? ...
END IF ;
END ;
```

Except: fires for **Session User**, *not* object **<schema>!**?!

- * *Tried reporting it as a bug, told it was a feature!*
- * *So much for the documented "schema" definition!!*
- * *Makes it a pretty pointless feature!!!*

Limiting Privileges: Data Base Trigger!

```
CREATE TRIGGER <Schema>.Schema__Role__Check
  BEFORE DDL ON DATABASE
  WHEN( Ora_Dict_Obj_Owner = '<Schema>' )
  BEGIN
    IF NOT DBMS_Session.Is_Role_Enabled(
      '<Schema Admin>' ) THEN
      ... abort surreptitiously!? ...
    END IF ;
  END ;
```

- Maybe check for DBA and let it through too!?

Oracle9i Application Developer's Guide – Fundamentals (9.0.1)
Ch. 13: Working With System Events

Schema Administration: Indirect Privileges

```
CREATE PACKAGE <Schema>.DDL AUTHID DEFINER AS ...  
GRANT EXECUTE ON <Schema>.DDL TO <Schema Admin> ;
```

- "Must Have" Entry Points:
 - GRANT and REVOKE ... *until 9iR2*
 - CREATE private DATABASE LINK
 - RENAME
- Directly GRANT System Privileges it uses:
 - e.g. GRANT CREATE DATABASE LINK TO <Schema> ;
- "Dummy" procedure for initial GRANT EXECUTE!

E.g., GRANT Procedure

```
PROCEDURE Give ( How IN VARCHAR2 ,
                 What IN VARCHAR2 ,
                 Whom IN VARCHAR2 ) IS
BEGIN
EXECUTE IMMEDIATE
    'GRANT ' || How
    || ' ON ' || What
    || ' TO ' || Whom ;
END Give ;
```

- **Never** accept and execute arbitrary SQL!
Beware "SQL injection" as well
- **Exception Handling**: watch what you "say"!
- **Maybe(/probably)** add check that "admin" Role enabled

Data Base Links

- DB Link includes Username/Password?
If “yes”: **always** a private link
<schema> VIEW/SYNONYM to remote object
Managed access to local reference
 - Local control of remote object access
Due diligence/custodianship
- Bug:** Audit doesn't capture private link Schema
Fixed in a post-9iR2 release!?
- Workaround:** you can probably infer it!?

Referencing Objects in Other Schemata

- Views of other Tables/Views
 - Especially remote objects: get local column list
- Schema-owned SYNONYMs for other objects
 - No** PUBLIC SYNONYM dependencies ...
 - > ... except *maybe* Oracle's standard stuff
 - Not** for TYPEs ... until 9iR2!
 - > I.e., TYPE-owning schema must be specified
- Schema “self-contained” and “predictable”
 - Local control of remote object access
 - Due diligence/custodianship

“DDL” PACKAGE

- Example Entry Points
 - GRANTs and REVOKEs
 - Private DB link management
 - Maintain VIEWs/SYNONYMs to objects in other schemata
 - Generate standard TRIGGERs, GRANTs
- Add sophistication; e.g., for private DB link:
 - Test SELECT against User_Users at other end.
 - Create local views of remote catalog objects and GRANT to *<schema admin>* ROLE.

SYS_CONTEXT('UserEnv','<of interest>')

- **Session_User**: login user
- **Current_Schema**: implied <schema> default
- **Current_User**: current security domain
 - Procedure's <schema> when AUTHID DEFINER
 - Views implicitly DEFINER, but special handling
 - Bug**: PL/SQL returns Session_User instead!
 - > **Workaround**: "SELECT ... FROM Dual" 'til > 9iR2!?
 - Bug**: Some User_~ Views use **Session_User**!
 - > Fix available; **no** good workaround
- **Proxy_User**: trusted "external" authenticator

Current_Schema

```
ALTER SESSION SET Current_Schema = <schema> ;
```

- Implied <schema> when none given
 - Can **not** define a default for a user
 - Can **not** set a default via Login TRIGGER
 - Bug:** resolving private DB links in <schema> views
 - > Fix "in the works"
- Self-contained <schema>
 - VIEWS/SYNONYMS to objects in other schemata
 - > Not for TYPEs ... until 9iR2
 - > **No** PUBLIC SYNONYM dependencies!
 - Remote *and* local objects

DML Privileges and Roles

- **Only** SELECT, EXECUTE GRANTed!
Maybe a bit more in development space ...
... but behind a non-DEFAULT ROLE!?
- **Schema-owned update procedures**
Not necessarily the **same** <schema>
 - > INSERT, etc. OK from one <schema> to another**Safely** called from anywhere
Single call for **all** changes for a consistent update
COMMITs before returning
Can**not** trust **anything** outside data base

“Conventional Wisdom” Review

- From earlier:
 - DML Triggers
 - Password-protected Roles
 - Password Management
 - Virtual Data Bases
 - Audit Trail
 - DBMS_Obfuscation
 - Advanced Security Option
- **None** of them mentioned!
 - ... *but still some* "supporting role" uses

Audit

- Failures BY ACCESS
- Successes BY ACCESS except DMLs BY SESSION
 - DELETE, EXECUTE, INSERT, LOCK, SELECT, UPDATE
- Work backwards from there
 - NO AUDIT for Dual, ~\$ objects ... *except* Aud\$!
 - NO AUDIT for Sys.STANDARD, DBMS_STANDARD
- Also: Log Miner

Audit Trail Tablespace

Note:

Moving the `SYS.AUD$` table out of the `SYSTEM` tablespace is not supported because the Oracle code makes implicit assumptions about the data dictionary tables, such as `SYS.AUD$`, which could cause problems with upgrades and backup/recovery scenarios.

Oracle9i Database Administrator's Guide (9.0.1)
Ch. 26: Auditing Database Use

More Important Features

- Advanced Security (8i ASO, 9i AS)
[SQL*]Net[8] and JDBC encryption
 - > **Secure application impossible without it!**External Authentications: RADIUS, Kerberos, PKI
 - * **Extra-cost option!!**
- CONTEXTs
Maintain Session state information
Its own namespace
 - > I.e., may have same name as schema!**Can** be set by Login TRIGGER

Secure Schemata: Summary

- "Locked down" Schema
 - No** shared authentications
- Administration
 - "Filtered" use of "ANY" privileges
 - Schema-owned "DDL" procedures
 - Authenticated DB Links are **always** private
- SELECT, EXECUTE DML privileges **only**
 - Application-specific "safe" update procedures
- **Say "schema", not "owner"!!**